

5G New Radio Design

Expanding the human possibilities of technology to make our lives better

Fall VTC-2017, Panel

September 25th , 2017

Dr. Amitabha Ghosh

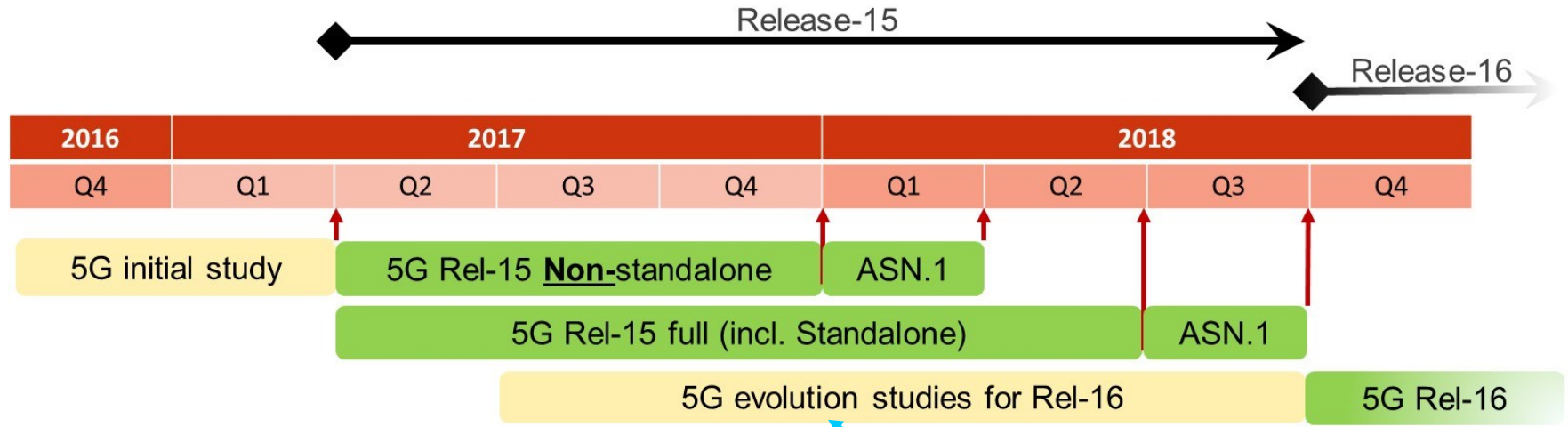
Head of Small Cell Research, Nokia Fellow, IEEE Fellow

Nokia Bell Labs

3GPP New Radio



3GPP 5G NR agreed timeline: No changes since last time



- 5G NR timeline was kept unchanged
- RAN#77 (Sept.2017) agreed further feature prioritization for RAN1, RAN2 and RAN4 specification work to keep the very challenging 5G NR time line

Release 16 study items on hold until Dec. 2017 to prioritize Release 15 5G NR work item → technical work to start 1Q2018

3GPP Release 15 work and study items: What else from January onwards?

Rel-15 Work item

**New Radio Access
Technology**

Studies on-going

Separation of CP and UP for
split option 2

CU-DU lower layer split for New
Radio

Test methods for New Radio

Self-evaluation towards IMT-
2020 submission

Studies toward Rel-16 on hold until Dec. 2017

Non-orthogonal multiple access

Non-terrestrial networks*

EV2V evaluation methodology

Integrated Access Backhaul

Unlicensed spectrum

Additional New Work Items and Studies targeting for Rel-16 are still expected to be approved in December 2017 3GPP RAN plenary

Physical Channels & Physical Signals

PDSCH

DL shared channel

PBCH

Broadcast channel

PDCCH

DL control channel

DL Physical Signals

Demodulation Ref (DMRS)
Phase-tracking Ref (PT-RS)
Ch State Inf Ref (CSI-RS)
Primary Sync (PSS)
Secondary Sync (SSS)



User Equipment



GNodeB

PUSCH

UL shared channel

PUCCH

UL control channel

PRACH

Random access channel

UL Physical Signals

Demodulation Ref (DMRS)
Phase-tracking Ref (PTRS)
Sounding Ref (SRS)

5G NR Numerology : Overview

Numerologies with normal CP (subframe = 1msec)

| | Slot Configuration 0 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| Subcarrier spacing [kHz] | 15 | 30 | 60 | 120 | 240* | 480** |
| Symbol duration [us] | 66.7 | 33.3 | 16.6 | 8.33 | 4.17 | 2.08 |
| Nominal CP [us] | 4.7 | 2.41 | 1.205 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0.15 |
| Nominal max BW [MHz] | 49.5 | 99 | 198 | 396 | 397.4 | 397.4 |
| Max FFT size | 4096 | 4096 | 4096 | 4096 | 2048 | 1024 |
| Min scheduling interval (symbols) | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| Min scheduling interval (slots) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Min scheduling interval (ms) | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.25 | 0.125 | 0.0625 | 0.0312 |

*SS Block only

**Not supported

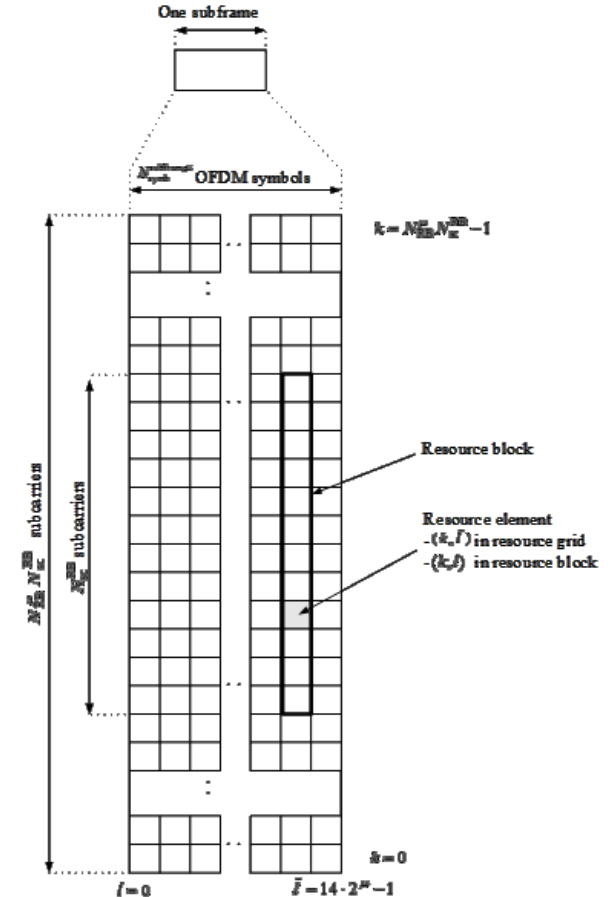
Numerologies with extended CP (subframe = 1msec)

| Subcarrier spacing [kHz] | Symbol Duration[us] | Ext CP[us] | Nom max BW | FFT Size | Sched Interval (sym) | Sched Interval (slot) | Sched Interval (ms) |
|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|----------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 60 | 16.6 | 4.2 | 198 | 4096 | 12 | 1 | 0.25 |

Frame Structure (120 KHz SC) & Modulation

- 80 slots/10 ms frame
- 14 OFDM symbols/slot
- 24-275 PRBs/slot
- 12 subcarriers/PRB
- Occupied BW
 - Minm = $24 \times 12 \times 120 = 34.56$ MHz
 - Maxm = $275 \times 12 \times 120 = 396$ MHz

| Modulation scheme | UL /DL |
|-------------------|---|
| $\pi/2$ -BPSK | UL only, In combination with transform precoding only |
| QPSK | UL/DL |
| 16QAM | UL/DL |
| 64QAM | UL/DL |
| 256QAM | UL/DL |



Downlink Channels & Signals

PDSCH and PDCCH

| | PDSCH (5G) | PDSCH (LTE) | PDCCH (5G) | PDCCH (LTE) |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Purpose | Transmit DL Data | Transmit DL Data | Transmit DL Control | Transmit DL Control |
| Waveform | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM |
| Bandwidth | Numerology Dependent | Max: 1.4 / 3 / 5 / 10 / 15 / 20 MHz | Flexible, Numerology Dependent | Fixed: 1.4 / 3 / 5 / 10 / 15 / 20 MHz |
| Reference signals | UE-specific | Cell specific or UE-specific (Release 10) | | |
| Phase noise compensation | Yes | No | | |
| Modulation | Up to 256QAM | Up to 256QAM | QPSK | QPSK |
| Coding scheme | LDPC | Turbo | Polar | TBCC |

Uplink Channels & Signals

PUSCH – Uplink shared channel

| | PUSCH (5G) | PUSCH (LTE) |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Purpose | Used to transmit uplink data and control information | Used to transmit uplink data and control information |
| Waveform | OFDM/SC-FDMA (Optional) | SC-FDMA |
| Bandwidth | See numerology | Max: 1.4 / 3 / 5 / 10 / 15 / 20 MHz |
| Phase noise compensation | Yes | No |
| Modulation | Up to 256 QAM & $\pi/2$ -BPSK | Up to 64QAM |
| Coding scheme | LDPC | Turbo |

Massive MIMO



MIMO in 3GPP

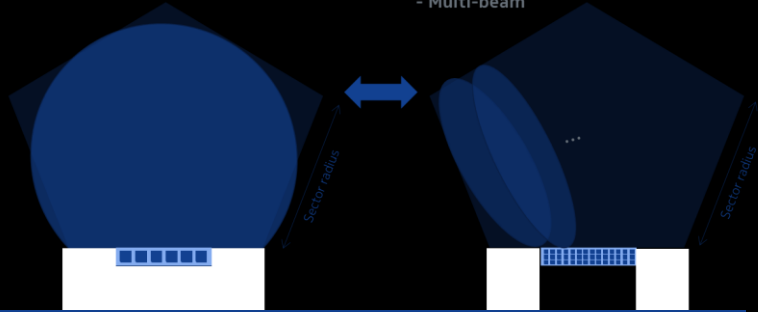
| Release 8 | Release 9 | Release 10 | Release 11 |
|--|---|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 4x4MIMO• 4x2MIMO• 8RX uplink• Uplink CRAN | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 8TX TM8 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 8TX TM9 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Downlink CoMP (TM10) |
| Release 12 | Release 13 | Release 14 | Release 15+ |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Downlink eCoMP• New 4TX codebook | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Massive MIMO 16TX | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Massive MIMO 32TX | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 5G massive MIMO 64TX+ |

Massive MIMO in 3GPP New Radio – Beam Based Air Interface

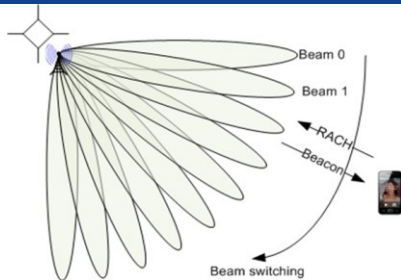
Beamformed Control Channels

Lower carrier frequencies (digital arch)
- Single-beam

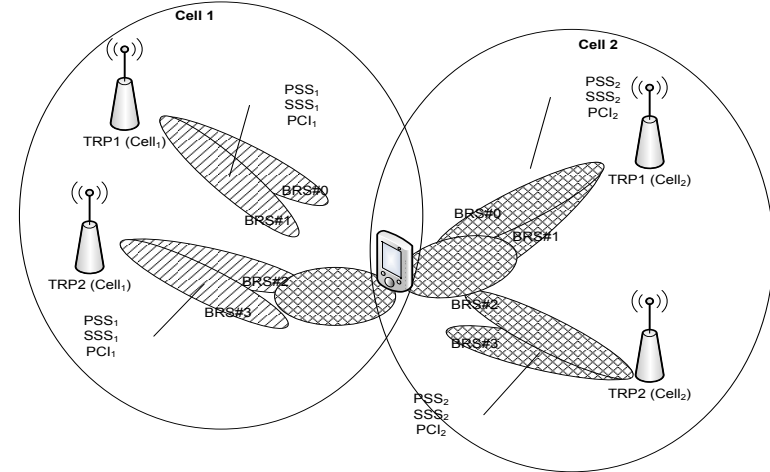
Higher carrier frequencies (hybrid/analog beamforming architecture)
- Multi-beam



Beam Scanning



Beam Management



- Acquisition and maintenance of a set of beams for TX and RX at base and UE
- CoMP is built in

Beam Management and CSI

Downlink Codebook Overview

Type I Codebooks:

- Standard resolution CSI feedback
- Single panel and multi-panel

Type II Codebooks:

- High resolution CSI feedback targeting MU-MIMO
- Non-precoded and precoded CSI-RS

Designed for cross-polar antennas

Supported Antenna Ports

| Ports | Type I | | Type II | |
|-------|--------------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Single Panel | Multi-Panel | Non-precoded CSI-RS | Precoded CSI-RS |
| 2 | ✓ | | | |
| 4 | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ |
| 8 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 12 | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ |
| 16 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 32 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

CSI Feedback

DL Codebook Overhead Example

| Type I | | Type II | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Single Panel | Multi-Panel | Non-precoded | | Precoded | |
| L=2: 9/1 | Mode 1: 10/1 | L=2: | 31/12-24 | L=2: | 25/12-24 |
| L=4: 7/3 | Mode 2: 10/3 | L=4: | 59/28-48 | L=4: | 51/28-48 |

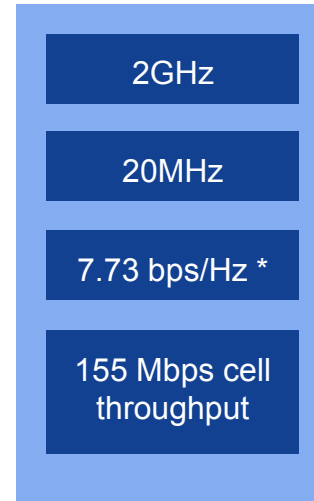
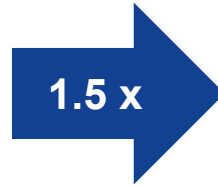
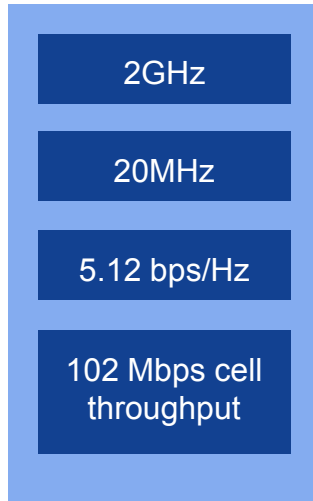
M/N indicates M wideband bits and N bits per subband (Type II entries indicate the range of possible bits per SB)

- L – Number of beams configured in the codebook
- 16 ports, 2 layers assumed
 - Single panel and non-precoded: $N_1=4$, $N_2=2$
 - Multi-panel: 2 panels, $N_1=2$, $N_2=2$
 - Precoded: Selection sampling factor (d) = 1

A nighttime photograph of a city skyline, likely New York City, featuring numerous illuminated skyscrapers. A prominent radio tower is visible in the foreground. The text "sub6GHz NR Performance" is overlaid in white on the left side of the image.

sub6GHz NR Performance

5G vs. 4G Capacity per Cell at 2GHz – 16x4 MIMO



LTE
2GHz
750m ISD
16x4
eNB=(1,8,2)

- **In Full Buffer, NR Codebooks show significant gains over LTE Codebooks**
 - Mean UE throughput: **26%**
 - Cell edge: **25%**

NR
2GHz
750m ISD
16x4
gNB = (1,8,2)

* Includes 20% improvement due to lean carrier in NR



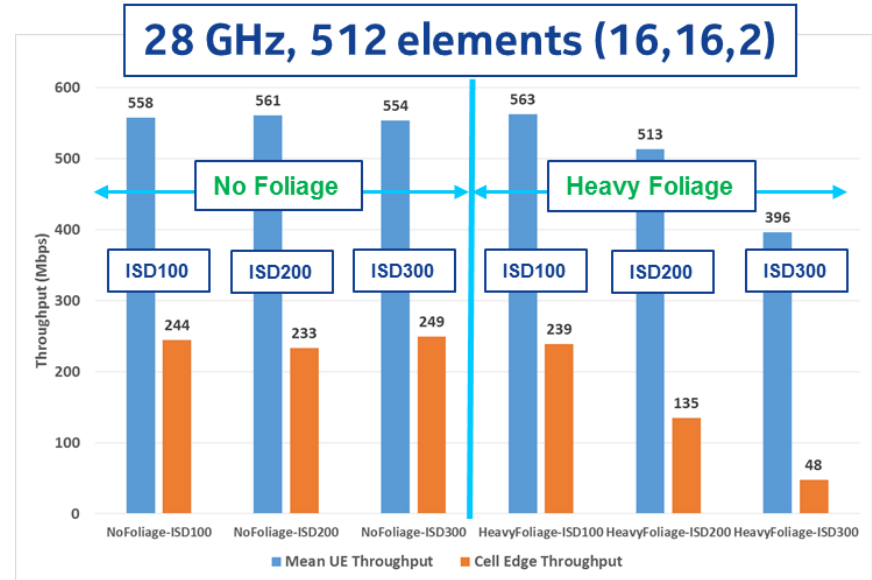
A nighttime photograph of a dense urban skyline, likely New York City, featuring numerous illuminated skyscrapers. The text "mmWave Performance" is overlaid in white, bold, sans-serif font across the center of the image. A white rectangular box is present in the top right corner.

mmWave Performance

Early 5G use case: Extreme broadband to the home (mmWave)



vRAN & EPC



Tasks Ahead?

Prioritization of essential functionalities for NSA completion

Self Evaluation for IMT-2020 Submission

NR numerologies for sub 6GHz & mmWave

Channel bandwidths for various NR bands ?

Massive MIMO : Type of Codebooks supported?

UE capabilities

mmWave : IAB/Deployments, ESA

Q&A